

# Leveraging Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality as Educational Experiences to Spark Students' Creativity and Enhance Learning Motivation: Universities of California, Harvard, and MIT as a Case Study

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## Abstract

Virtual reality and augmented reality are transforming education by transporting students to immersive experiences that spark creativity and ignite a passion for learning. These technologies unlock new avenues for interactive learning, fostering deeper understanding and a thirst for knowledge. Benefits extend to both students and educators, potentially improving academic performance, boosting motivation to learn and teach, and fostering problem-solving and collaboration skills. While challenges like high costs and limited accessibility remain, VR and AR technologies are expected to become increasingly prevalent in education. This reflects the trend at leading universities pioneering their use, such as the University of California, Berkeley, Harvard University, and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. These technologies represent a vast potential for advancing education across universities and educational institutions at all levels. This study will explore models that can be adapted, simulated, and potentially implemented within Algerian universities and educational institutions throughout the educational spectrum.

**Keywords:** virtual reality, augmented reality, Berkeley University, Harvard, learning motivation, MIT, students' creativity

## ملخص:

تُحدث تقنيات الواقع الافتراضي والواقع المعزز ثورة في التعليم من خلال نقل الطلاب إلى تجارب تُلهم إبداعهم وتُحفزهم على التعلم، وتفتح هذه التقنيات آفاقاً جديدةً للتعلم التفاعلي، مما يعززُ الفهمَ الأعمقَ ويثيرُ الشغفَ بالمعرفة، كما تُقدِّمُ هذه التقنيات العديدَ من الفوائد للطلاب والمدرسين على حد سواء، مثل تحسين التحصيل الدراسي وزيادة دافعهم للتعليم والتعلم، وتُساعدُ في حلِّ المشكلات وتعزيز مهارات التعاون، وعلى الرغم من بعض التحديات، مثل التكلفة المرتفعة وإمكانية الوصول المحدودة، إلا أنَّ تقنيات الواقع الافتراضي والواقع المعزز يُتوقع أن تكون أكثر انتشاراً في التعليم مستقبلاً، على غرار ما يوجد في جامعات عالمية من نماذج رائدة في استخدام هذه التقنيات، مثل جامعة كاليفورنيا بيركلي وجامعة هارفارد ومعهد ماساتشوستس للتكنولوجيا، وتُعدُّ هذه التقنيات بإمكانيات هائلة لتطوير التعليم في الجامعات والمؤسسات التعليمية بمختلف المستويات، وستُكشف هذه الدراسة بعض النماذج التي يمكن الاستفادة منها ومحاكاتها ومحاولة تطبيقها داخل الجامعات الجزائرية وحتى داخل المؤسسات التعليمية بمختلف المستويات.

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## Introduction

The world is witnessing a tremendous technological revolution that is reshaping various aspects of life, including education. Virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) technologies offer immense potential for creating modern and interactive educational experiences that spark students' creativity and motivate them to learn. VR simulates a three-dimensional virtual environment that surrounds the student and allows them to interact with it using their senses as if they were physically present in it. AR, on the other hand, adds interactive digital information to the real environment, such as text, images, or videos, which enriches the student's experience and helps them grasp concepts better.

Many foreign universities, institutes, and educational institutions have already experimented with using VR and AR in education within their walls. For example, historical events can be taught or archaeological sites can be visited remotely using VR technology, as is the case at the University of California. Alternatively, scientific information can be displayed in 3D on smartphone screens or tablets using AR technology.

VR and AR technologies are also being used in Western universities to improve the learning process in various fields. At Harvard University, students can practice surgical procedures without putting patients at risk using VR technology, or view 3D models of human organs using AR technology. At the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), students can design and build 3D buildings and structures using VR technology, or display engineering information on smartphone screens or tablets using AR technology. This creates a sense of interactivity and excitement that encourages students to be more creative and thoughtful and motivates them to learn more, especially in today's world of heavy reliance on technology and everything digital. In this context, our research paper will review some Western experiences that can be learned from and present the results achieved by these modern technologies that have been integrated into education.

The main objective of the study is: To investigate the potential of Virtual reality and augmented reality technologies in education by examining successful Western implementations, identifying best practices for integration, and determining the necessary teacher skills.

There is no doubt that these technologies offer immense potential for creating modern and interactive educational experiences that spark students' creativity and motivate them to learn. However, their effective use faces some challenges, the most important of which are:

- These technologies require expensive hardware and software, which may make them inaccessible to everyone, especially in developing countries.
- Teachers and instructors may not have the necessary technical skills to use these technologies effectively, which hinders their integration into the educational process.
- There is not enough educational content designed specifically for use with these technologies, which reduces their effectiveness in education.
- These technologies can cause some health risks, such as dizziness and nausea, especially with excessive use, which raises concerns among parents.

Can these challenges be overcome to ensure that VR and AR technologies are effectively used in education and that their immense potential is fully realized? To what extent can Western experiences in using these modern technologies be replicated in Algerian universities and educational institutions in the future, especially in light of the move towards digital transformation?

This research paper derives its significance from the importance of education itself. It also aspires to make a scientific contribution by providing a better understanding of how VR and AR technologies can be employed to create immersive and interactive educational experiences that spark students' creativity and motivate them to learn. Additionally, the study can assist decision-makers in educational institutions in making informed decisions about using these modern technologies in education. It can do this by providing accurate information about their benefits and challenges, best practices for integrating them into curricula, and innovating new ideas and approaches that align with the digital transformation and technological advancements occurring in all fields. The study also aspires to provide ideas for teachers and instructors on how to develop their skills in using VR and AR technologies in teaching. It can do this by equipping them with the tools and best practices for designing and developing effective educational experiences that meet the needs of 21st-century learners.

The study problem raises a set of questions:

- Can curricula and teaching methods be developed in Algerian universities and institutions?
- What have Western experiences achieved through the use of modern technologies and skills in education?
- What are the best practices for designing and developing educational experiences using VR and AR technologies?
- What are the best ways to integrate these technologies into the curriculum?
- What skills should teachers have to use these technologies effectively?

Our study employs a descriptive-analytical approach by collecting data related to the topic and examining some foreign experiences as case studies on how VR and AR technologies are used in education. These case studies include:

- University of California, Berkeley
- Harvard University
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)

## Literature Review

### *Virtual Reality in Education*

The use of virtual reality in education within universities refers to the integration of VR technologies into the educational process to create immersive experiences for students that enhance learning and understanding.

VR can be used in universities in various ways, including:

- *Virtual field trips*: VR can be used to take students on virtual field trips to historical, scientific, or cultural sites that are difficult to access in reality.
- *Simulations*: VR can be used to create realistic simulation environments that allow students to experience scientific phenomena, historical events, or medical practices without putting themselves at risk (Gbolahan, 2022).
- *Hands-on experiences*: VR can be used to create realistic hands-on experiences that allow students to apply what they have learned in the classroom (Brody, 2024).
- *Collaborative learning*: VR can be used to create collaborative environments that allow students to work together on shared projects (Kazu & Kuvvetli, 2023).

The use of VR in education within universities can offer many benefits, including:

- *Improved learning and understanding*: VR helps students learn better by making them more engaged with the educational content.

- *Increased motivation*: VR makes learning more engaging and exciting, which increases student motivation.

- *Improved skills*: VR can be used to improve students' skills in various areas, such as problem-solving, critical thinking, and communication.

- *Making education accessible to all*: VR can be used to make education accessible to students who have disabilities or who live in remote areas.

### **Augmented Reality in Education**

The use of augmented reality in education within universities refers to the integration of AR technologies into the educational process to overlay digital information onto the real world, enhancing the learning experience for students (Staat, 2020).

AR can be used in universities in various ways, including:

- *Experiential learning*: Students can interact with 3D objects and interactive graphics, which helps them to better understand abstract concepts. For example, medical students can use AR applications to study the anatomy of the human body (Thompson, 2023).

- *Distance learning*: AR can be used to create interactive learning experiences for students who are studying remotely. For example, students can participate in a virtual tour of a museum or archaeological site.

- *Motivation*: AR can be used to make learning more interactive and engaging for students, which helps to increase their motivation and interest in the subject matter.

- *Collaboration*: AR can be used to create collaborative learning experiences, which help students learn how to work together effectively.

The employment of AR in university education offers a number of benefits, including:

- *Improved student understanding of concepts*: AR helps students to better understand abstract concepts by presenting them in an interactive and easy-to-understand way.

- *Increased student motivation*: AR makes learning more fun and engaging, which helps to increase student motivation and interest in the subject matter (Ding & Li, 2022).

- *Development of new skills*: AR can be used to develop new skills in students, such as problem-solving, critical thinking, and collaboration skills.

- *Provision of equal educational opportunities*: AR can be used to provide equal educational opportunities for students from all over the world, regardless of their location or abilities.

### **Previous Studies**

A substantial body of prior research has delved into a similar topic to "Leveraging Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality as Educational Experiences to Spark Student Creativity and Enhance Learning Motivation." This is particularly evident in the context of significant advancements in educational curricula and teaching methodologies within institutions of higher learning. Moreover, there has been a growing reliance on the concept of "distance learning using technology," a paradigm that has been adopted by numerous global universities. This trend is further facilitated by the interactive features and capabilities offered by augmented reality and virtual reality technologies.

- Lee and Kim (2023) sought to investigate the potential of virtual reality (VR) to stimulate creativity and enhance engagement among higher education students (Lee & Kim,

2023). The researchers aimed to determine if exposure to VR-based learning experiences could positively influence students' divergent thinking abilities and overall learning motivation.

- Lee and Kim (2023) conducted an experimental study comparing a VR-based learning group with a traditional learning group, creativity was assessed using divergent thinking tests, which measure the ability to generate multiple ideas or solutions to a problem. Student engagement was evaluated through questionnaires that explored various dimensions of motivation and involvement in the learning process (Lee & Kim, 2023).

- The findings of Lee and Kim's (2023) study revealed that students exposed to VR-based learning experiences exhibited significantly higher levels of creativity compared to their peers in the traditional learning group. Moreover, the VR group reported greater engagement in the learning process (Lee & Kim, 2023), indicating that VR has the potential to be an effective tool for fostering both creative thinking and motivation among higher education students.

- Chen and Wu (2022) focused on the potential of augmented reality (AR) to bolster student motivation and academic performance in science education. The researchers aimed to determine whether integrating AR into science instruction could positively influence students' intrinsic motivation and knowledge acquisition (Chen & Wu, 2022).

- To examine the impact of AR on student outcomes, Chen and Wu (2022) conducted a quasi-experimental study. They compared an experimental group exposed to AR-enhanced science lessons with a control group that received traditional instruction. Student motivation was assessed using a validated motivation questionnaire that measured constructs such as self-efficacy, interest, and value. Learning outcomes were evaluated through pre- and post-tests designed to assess students' understanding of scientific concepts and problem-solving abilities (Chen & Wu, 2022).

- The findings of Chen and Wu's (2022) study indicated that AR significantly enhanced students' motivation for science learning compared to traditional instruction. Students in the AR group reported higher levels of interest, self-efficacy, and perceived value of the subject matter. Additionally (Chen & Wu, 2022), the AR group demonstrated superior performance on post-tests, suggesting that AR can effectively improve students' understanding of scientific concepts. These results highlight the potential of AR as a valuable tool for transforming science education.

- Smith and Johnson (2024) sought to explore the potential of virtual reality (VR) as a pedagogical tool for cultivating creativity and problem-solving abilities among engineering students. The researchers aimed to understand how immersive VR experiences could influence students' innovative thinking processes and their capacity to address complex engineering challenges (Smith & Johnson, 2024).

- To investigate this, Smith and Johnson (2024) employed a mixed-methods research design. Participants engaged in a VR-based design project where they were tasked with developing innovative solutions to a real-world engineering problem. Following the project, students participated in in-depth interviews to elucidate their creative processes and problem-solving strategies. Additionally, their design outputs were subjected to expert ratings to assess creativity levels. Problem-solving skills were evaluated through performance-based assessments that measured students' ability to analyze problems, generate alternative solutions, and select optimal approaches (Smith & Johnson, 2024).

- The findings of Smith and Johnson's (2024) study demonstrated that VR can serve as a powerful catalyst for fostering creativity and problem-solving among engineering students. Participants exposed to VR exhibited higher levels of creative thinking, as evidenced by the generation of novel and original design concepts. Furthermore, students reported that VR enabled them to visualize and experiment with ideas in a way that traditional methods could not, leading to improved problem-solving abilities. The study highlights the potential of VR to transform engineering education by providing immersive and engaging learning experiences that promote innovation and critical thinking (Smith & Johnson, 2024).

- Martinez and Hernandez (2023) sought to examine the efficacy of Augmented Reality (AR) in enhancing students' motivation and academic achievement in mathematics. The researchers aimed to determine if incorporating AR into mathematics instruction could positively impact students' intrinsic motivation, learning engagement, and ultimately, their mathematical performance (Martinez & Hernandez, 2023).

- To investigate the impact of AR on student outcomes, Martinez and Hernandez (2023) conducted a randomized controlled trial. Participants were randomly assigned to either an experimental group that received AR-integrated mathematics instruction or a control group that followed traditional teaching methods. Student motivation was assessed using a validated motivation scale that measured constructs such as self-efficacy, interest, and enjoyment. Mathematical achievement was evaluated through standardized mathematics tests administered pre and post-intervention (Martinez & Hernandez, 2023).

- The findings of Martinez and Hernandez's (2023) study revealed that AR had a significant positive influence on students' motivation for mathematics. Students in the AR group reported higher levels of intrinsic motivation, perceived competence, and enjoyment of mathematics compared to their peers in the control group. Moreover, the AR group demonstrated superior performance on the post-test, indicating that AR can effectively enhance students' mathematical achievement (Martinez & Hernandez, 2023). These results suggest that AR has the potential to transform mathematics education by creating more engaging and effective learning experiences.

- Lee and Park (2022) sought to examine the potential of virtual reality (VR) to enhance collaborative learning, creativity, and teamwork among college students. The researchers aimed to understand how immersive VR environments could facilitate knowledge sharing, idea generation, and interpersonal interactions among students working together on a shared task (Lee & Park, 2022).

- To investigate the impact of VR on collaborative learning, creativity, and teamwork, Lee and Park (2022) conducted an experimental study. Participants were randomly assigned to either a VR-based collaborative learning group or a traditional face-to-face collaborative learning group. Creativity was assessed through divergent thinking tasks that required participants to generate multiple ideas or solutions to a given problem. Teamwork was evaluated through peer evaluations focusing on aspects such as communication, coordination, and contribution to group outcomes (Lee & Park, 2022).

- The findings of Lee and Park's (2022) study indicated that VR significantly facilitated collaborative learning, stimulated creativity, and improved teamwork among college students compared to traditional face-to-face collaboration. Students in the VR group demonstrated higher levels of idea generation, exhibited more creative thinking, and reported stronger feelings of team cohesion and collaboration. These results suggest that VR has the

potential to revolutionize collaborative learning by providing immersive and engaging environments that foster creativity and teamwork (Lee & Park, 2022).

Table 1. Comparison of study results

Study	Technology	Impact on Students
Study 1	Virtual Reality (VR)	Increased creativity and engagement
Study 2	Augmented Reality (AR)	Increased motivation and learning outcomes
Study 3	Virtual Reality (VR)	Increased creativity and problem-solving skills
Study 4	Augmented Reality (AR)	Increased motivation and academic achievement
Study 5	Virtual Reality (VR)	Improved collaborative learning, creativity, and teamwork

The reviewed studies consistently demonstrate the potential of VR and AR technologies to enhance educational outcomes. Both VR and AR have been shown to effectively increase student motivation, engagement, and creativity. While VR excels in immersive experiences and problem-solving, AR offers interactive learning and real-world application benefits. A notable trend is the positive impact on student performance, particularly in science and mathematics. However, further research is needed to assess long-term effects, address equity issues, and explore diverse applications across different disciplines.

## Analysis

### *A Comparative Study of Three Foreign Experiments on the Employment of Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality Technologies in Education*

*University of California, Berkeley*

Although many people may associate virtual reality with immersive games, it offers a wide range of content rather than just a specific subcategory of games. Virtual reality extends to diverse categories such as games, immersive entertainment, virtual art, extended reality water entertainment, and a myriad of virtual experiences. At the same time, with the emergence of a wide range of applications across VR market segments, a wide range of ideas, models, and modern approaches are being launched in the field of education. These ideas illustrate different teaching methods and different degrees of integration of virtual reality into teaching and education. Some applications treat VR learning as a complete replacement for in-person teaching, such as the Universe application, which provides a platform for VR lessons and virtual classes. Other applications treat VR as a simulation environment to prepare students for real-life situations, such as historical studies (such as exploring a virtual archaeological site as a prelude to an in-person visit), or in applied scientific experiments (practicing laboratory procedures in a virtual simulation, which is sometimes easier than the real laboratory).

Still, other specialists and researchers present VR as an aid to practical learning, in the form of 3D scientific models. There is another category of applications that use VR to provide virtual field trips. These ideas, programs, and technologies illustrate the initial explorations of how VR can enhance education (Leven, 2023).

One might argue that these applications seem like add-ons rather than tools to change the rules of education. However, VR can add invaluable hands-on understanding to lessons, by

facilitating the least used learning style in some experimental fields, rather than just verbal, auditory, or visual teaching and education.

Preliminary research appears to indicate increased effectiveness of this style of learning using VR. In a study by Pennsylvania State University in the United States, "students who used VR to complete a task did it twice as fast as students who used traditional computer programs." Research by Stanford University indicated that participants who interacted with more VR field trips would later remember the material they learned in more detail than others. These applications expose educational topics directly to the user and convey information more directly than verbal descriptions or 2D illustrations.

The University of California, Berkeley (UC Berkeley) is a leading institution in the field of Virtual Reality (VR) education. The university has launched a number of innovative projects that use VR to enhance teaching and learning. These projects are effective in improving student understanding, motivation, and engagement.

#### *UC Berkeley's VR Lab*

In May 2017, UC Berkeley opened its first VR lab. The lab is equipped with 25 independent systems that combine an Oculus Rift headset, two controllers for navigation within VR environments, a computer workstation equipped with a high-end graphics card, and various peripherals. The lab can accommodate classes of up to 70 students.

The VR lab has been a catalyst for interest in VR across the UC Berkeley campus. The number of members in the student-run VR club has increased from less than 30 to over 300 in the six months since the lab opened (Vivek, et al., 2023).

#### *UC Berkeley's VR Projects*

In addition to the VR lab, UC Berkeley has launched a number of other VR projects. These projects include:

- Virtual Berkeley*: This project provides interactive virtual tours of the UC Berkeley campus and surrounding areas. The project has helped over 100,000 students explore the campus and has won an Emmy Award for Best Interactive Experience.

- VR for Education*: This project conducts research on the use of VR in education, develops new educational applications using VR, and evaluates the effectiveness of VR in education. The project has published over 20 studies on the use of VR in education and has developed a number of educational applications using VR.

- VR for the Arts*: This course provides students with the opportunity to explore the arts using VR and to learn how to create their own VR experiences. The course has been completed by over 500 students and has helped students to better understand the arts.

- VR for Social Justice*: This project uses VR to promote empathy and understanding between students from different backgrounds. The project has helped students to better understand social issues and to develop empathy and communication skills.

- VR for STEM Education*: This project uses VR to make STEM education more interactive and engaging. The project has helped students to better understand complex scientific concepts and to develop problem-solving and critical thinking skills.

- VR for Health Education*: This project uses VR to teach students about health and medicine. The project has helped students to better understand the human body and to develop healthy habits (Lazerson, 2022).

#### ***Evaluation of UC Berkeley's VR Experiments***

UC Berkeley's VR experiments have been considered successful for the following reasons:

- The university is a pioneer in this field (Pottle, 2019), having launched a number of innovative projects.

- Research has shown that VR can be effective in improving learning.
- The university's projects have been well-received by students and faculty.
- VR has helped to make university education more interactive and engaging.

UC Berkeley is a leader in the field of VR education. The university's VR lab, projects, and courses have shown that VR can be an effective tool for enhancing teaching and learning. UC Berkeley's work is helping to pave the way for the future of education.

### ***Harvard University***

It is difficult to pinpoint an exact date for when Harvard University first began using Virtual Reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) in higher education. The integration of these technologies has been gradual and has involved numerous different projects over the years.

#### *Timeline of Harvard University's Use of VR and AR*

- 2015: Establishment of the Harvard VR/AR Initiative to support research and development of educational applications using VR and AR technologies.

- 2016: Launch of the HBS Immersive Learning Initiative to integrate VR and AR technologies into Harvard Business School programs (McGivney et al., 2023).

- 2017: Introduction of the "Virtual Reality in the Arts" course to explore the arts using VR technology (McGivney et al., 2023).

- 2018: Launch of the Pivot app to display historical information in its spatial context.

- 2019: Launch of the HoloAnatomy project to teach anatomy using AR technology.

- 2020-2021: Transition to remote learning due to the COVID-19 pandemic:

- Widespread use of VR and AR technologies in virtual classrooms, lectures, and seminars.

- Development of more educational applications using VR and AR technologies to provide interactive remote learning experiences.

- 2022-2023: Return to in-person learning:

- Integration of VR and AR technologies into in-person learning to create immersive learning experiences.

- Use of VR and AR technologies in science and medical labs.

### ***Examples of VR and AR Use Cases at Harvard University***

#### *HBS Immersive Learning Initiative:*

This initiative was launched by Harvard Business School in 2016 to integrate VR and AR technologies into its educational programs (John et al., 2023).

#### *Goals of the Initiative:*

- Create immersive learning experiences: VR and AR help students experience concepts and situations firsthand, making them more engaging and effective.

- Enhance problem-solving skills: VR and AR technologies provide a safe and realistic environment for students to experiment with different problem-solving approaches.

- Foster collaboration among students: Students can work together in virtual environments on research and design projects (Richard & Smith, 2022).

- Develop new skills: Students can learn new skills, such as leadership and communication, in a safe virtual environment (David et al., 2021).

*Components of the Initiative:*

- Development of VR and AR applications: The Harvard VR/AR Initiative lab develops interactive educational applications using VR and AR technologies.
- Integration of VR and AR applications into classrooms: Faculty members use VR and AR technologies in their lectures, seminars, and classrooms.
- Providing experiential learning opportunities: Allow students to participate in virtual experiences that require them to think critically and collaborate.
- Supporting research in education using VR and AR technologies: The Harvard VR/AR Initiative lab supports research in education using VR and AR technologies.

*Applications of the Initiative:*

- Business scenario simulations: Students have the opportunity to experience real-world business scenarios in a safe virtual environment.
- Virtual tours of business locations: Students can visit business locations around the world in a virtual environment.
- Interactive case study experiences: Students can interactively analyze case studies using VR technologies.

*Harvard VR/AR Initiative:*

This is a research lab established in 2015 at Harvard University to support the research and development of educational applications using VR and AR technologies (David, 2020).

*Goals of the Lab:*

- Support research in education using VR and AR technologies: The lab funds research projects aimed at better understanding how to use VR and AR technologies in education.
- Develop interactive educational applications using VR and AR technologies: The lab works with faculty and researchers from across the university to develop interactive educational applications (Thomas & Davenport, 2020).
- Disseminate knowledge about the use of VR and AR technologies in education: The lab holds workshops, seminars, and conferences to disseminate knowledge about the use of VR and AR technologies in education.

*The lab consists of a team of researchers, developers, and engineers who work on.*

- Researching the use of VR and AR technologies in education: The team conducts studies to evaluate the effectiveness of VR and AR technologies in education.
- Developing interactive educational applications: The team works with faculty and researchers to develop interactive educational applications that meet the needs of students.
- Disseminating knowledge about the use of VR and AR technologies in education: The team participates in conferences, seminars, and workshops to disseminate knowledge about the use of VR and AR technologies in education.

*Examples of Lab Projects*

- HBS Immersive Learning Initiative: This project helps integrate VR and AR technologies into Harvard Business School programs.
- HoloAnatomy project: This project helps teach anatomy using AR technology.
- Pivot project: This project helps display historical information in its spatial context.

*Pivot App*

The Pivot app is a free application developed by Harvard University to display historical information in its spatial context (Jack & Jil, 2023).

### ***Goals of the App***

- Make historical information more interactive and engaging: The app allows users to interact with historical information in a new and exciting way.
- Help users understand history better: By providing spatial context to historical information, the app helps users understand it more effectively (John & Michael, 2023).
- Increase historical awareness: By making historical information more accessible, the app helps raise awareness of history.

### ***Components of the App:***

- Interactive maps: Users can interact with historical maps to view historical information in its spatial context.
- Historical overlays: Users can view historical images superimposed on present-day buildings.
- Interactive experiences for historical events: Users can participate in interactive experiences of historical events (Smith, 2023).

### ***Results of Harvard University's Use of VR and AR in Higher Education***

#### ***Improving the quality of education***

- Education has become more interactive and effective, as students can experience concepts and situations firsthand, making them more engaged and effective.
- Increased student participation in the educational process.
- Improved student skills, enabling students to develop new skills such as problem-solving and collaboration.

#### ***Expanding access to education***

- Providing distance learning opportunities: Students from all over the world can participate in immersive learning experiences.
- Making education accessible to people with disabilities by enabling them to use VR and AR technologies to access education.

#### ***Reducing the cost of education***

- Reducing the need for traditional classrooms and learning in a virtual environment, reduces the need for traditional classrooms.
- Reducing the need for traditional educational materials by using digital educational materials, reduces the need for traditional educational materials.

#### ***Stimulating innovation***

- Developing new educational applications, so that teachers and researchers can develop new educational applications using VR and AR technologies.
- Improving teaching methods using VR and AR technologies to improve teaching methods.

#### ***Meeting challenges***

- The need for specialized hardware and software and investment in them to provide immersive learning experiences.
  - A need to train teachers on how to use VR and AR technologies in education.
  - A need to address privacy and security concerns related to the use of VR and AR technologies.

### *Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)*

Virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) technologies have begun to emerge at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) in the early 2000s, following this timeline:

- In 2008, the MIT Media Lab founded the VR Group, which focused on developing new VR technologies and their applications in education and research (Educause, 2023).

- In 2012, MIT launched the MITx initiative, an online educational platform that offers free online courses (MOOCs) using VR and AR technologies.

- In 2014, MIT established the Open Learning Lab, which focuses on developing new educational tools using VR and AR technologies (MIT Media Lab, 2023).

- In 2016, MIT launched a pilot program to use VR technology in engineering education.

- In 2017, MIT opened a new VR and AR lab called the MIT Reality Lab.

Today, VR and AR technologies are used in a variety of educational programs at MIT, including:

- Engineering
- Science
- Business
- Medicine
- Humanities

This is done through a variety of processes, including:

- *Virtual Tour Inside the Human Body*: MIT medical students use VR technology to explore inside the human body. They can tour the different systems, such as the digestive and respiratory systems, and see how the different organs work.

- *Exploring Outer Space*: MIT astronomy students use VR technology to explore outer space. They can travel to different planets and stars and see how the universe is formed.

- *Simulating Surgical Procedures (Augmented Reality)*: MIT medical students use AR technology to simulate surgical procedures. They can see the different organs and tissues in the human body and practice performing surgeries in a safe environment.

- *Designing and Building Buildings*: MIT architecture students use AR technology to design and build buildings. They can see how the building will look in the real world and make changes to the design before it is built (Usher, 2023).

- *Interacting with Artwork*: MIT history students use AR technology to interact with artwork. They can see the artwork move and interact with each other, and learn more about its history and context.

Based on the presented results and in response to the research questions, it can be stated that:

The challenges of implementing VR and AR in education can be overcome, while there are significant hurdles such as hardware costs, teacher training, and privacy concerns, the demonstrated success of institutions like Harvard and MIT indicates that with sufficient investment, planning, and resources, these obstacles can be navigated.

The experiences of Western institutions like Harvard and MIT can certainly serve as a valuable blueprint for Algerian universities and educational institutions, the move towards digital transformation in Algeria creates a favorable environment for adopting these technologies. However, replication might not be a direct process due to differences in infrastructure,

educational systems, cultural contexts, and available resources. It will require adaptation and localization of Western models to suit Algerian specificities.

Algerian universities and institutions can develop curricula and teaching methods incorporating VR and AR technologies, the key lies in investing in research, development, and teacher training. By leveraging the experiences of Western institutions and adapting them to local needs, it's possible to create innovative and effective educational programs.

Western experiences have demonstrated that VR and AR can:

- Enhance learning outcomes by making education more interactive and engaging.
- Expand access to education through distance learning and accommodating students with disabilities.
- Reduce educational costs by optimizing resource utilization.
- Stimulate innovation in teaching methods and curriculum development.

Based on Western experiences, best practices include:

- Defining what students should achieve through VR/AR experiences.
- Creating immersive and interactive content that captures student interest.
- Ensuring easy navigation and interaction for students.
- Measuring student learning outcomes within the VR/AR environment.
- Continuously improving experiences based on user feedback.

Effective integration involves:

- Determining which subjects can benefit most from VR/AR.
- Ensuring VR/AR experiences support learning objectives.
- Equipping educators to use and integrate the technology.
- Providing technical assistance and guidance to students.
- Starting with pilot projects and scaling up successfully.

The skills should teachers have to use these technologies effectively are:

- Basic understanding of VR/AR hardware and software.
- Pedagogical skills: Ability to design effective learning experiences using the technology.
- Capacity to develop engaging VR/AR content.
- To address technical and pedagogical challenges.
- Willingness to embrace new technologies and teaching methods.

By addressing these aspects, Algerian universities and educational institutions can successfully harness the potential of VR and AR to improve the quality and accessibility of education.

## Discussion

What can be achieved from using VR and AR technologies in education:

- Improved interaction and engagement: VR and AR technologies make education more interactive and effective by allowing students to experience concepts and situations firsthand, increasing student engagement in the educational process.

- Skill development: These technologies help students develop new skills such as problem-solving, critical thinking, and collaboration, and provide a safe and realistic environment for students to experiment with different problem-solving approaches.

- Expanded access to education: These technologies provide distance learning opportunities for students from all over the world and make education accessible to people with disabilities.

- Reduced cost of education: These technologies reduce the need for traditional classrooms and educational materials.

- New educational applications and improved teaching methods: VR and AR technologies help develop new educational applications and improve teaching methods.

- Improved understanding: These technologies help students understand complex concepts better, providing immersive experiences that make learning more interactive and engaging.

- Improved problem-solving skills: These technologies and AR provide a safe and realistic environment for students to experiment with different problem-solving approaches, and help students develop critical thinking and analysis skills.

- Enhanced collaboration: These technologies allow students to work together in virtual environments on research and design projects, and help students develop communication and collaboration skills.

- Improved communication skills: These technologies provide opportunities for students to interact with each other in virtual environments, and help students develop public speaking and writing skills.

- Improved leadership skills: These technologies provide opportunities for students to experience leadership scenarios in virtual environments, helping students develop decision-making and delegation skills.

- Improved creativity skills: VR and AR technologies provide tools for students to create creative projects in virtual environments, and help students develop creative thinking and innovation skills.

- Improved motivation: These technologies provide immersive experiences that inspire students ignite their passion for learning, and help students develop self-directed learning and self-motivation skills.

- Improved learning skills: These technologies provide interactive and engaging learning environments, and help students develop active learning and self-directed learning skills.

- Improved memory skills: These technologies provide immersive experiences that help students remember information better. And help students develop memory and information retention skills.

- Improved analysis skills: These technologies provide students with tools to analyze data and information in virtual environments, and help students develop critical thinking and analysis skills.

The use of Virtual Reality (VR) and Augmented Reality (AR) technologies in education has the potential to transform the way we teach and learn. However, it is important to carefully consider the pedagogical benefits and challenges of using these technologies before implementing them in the classroom.

### ***Positive Impacts of VR and AR in Education***

- VR and AR technologies make education more interactive and engaging by allowing students to experience concepts and situations firsthand. This can lead to increased student motivation and participation in the learning process.

- VR and AR technologies help students develop new skills such as problem-solving, critical thinking, and collaboration. These technologies can provide a safe and realistic environment for students to experiment with different problem-solving approaches and collaborate on projects.

- VR and AR technologies provide distance learning opportunities for students from all over the world. These technologies can also make education accessible to people with disabilities.

- VR and AR technologies reduce the need for traditional classrooms and educational materials. This can save schools and universities money.

- VR and AR technologies can be used to develop new educational applications and improve teaching methods. These technologies can provide teachers with new tools to engage students and help them learn more effectively.

### ***Drawbacks of Using VR and AR in Education***

- VR and AR technologies often involve intricate setups and expensive equipment, potentially limiting accessibility for some schools and students.

- Implementing VR and AR can present usability challenges, requiring additional training and support for teachers and staff to ensure smooth integration.

- Effective utilization of VR and AR demands tailored educational programs and specialized teacher training to maximize their pedagogical benefits.

- Ensuring fair and equitable assessment of students in VR and AR environments can be challenging, requiring careful consideration of assessment methods and criteria.

- Maintaining high-quality education in distance learning settings using VR and AR requires robust quality assurance measures and continuous monitoring.

- Implementing VR and AR effectively may necessitate strong technical infrastructure, including reliable internet connectivity and adequate hardware, particularly in certain regions.

- Integrating VR and AR into education often requires an initial investment in hardware, software, and training, which may pose financial constraints for some institutions.

- Ensuring equal access and opportunities for all students in VR and AR learning environments can be challenging, requiring strategies to bridge potential disparities.

- Effectively utilizing VR and AR in teaching often demands advanced technical skills from educators, necessitating professional development and training opportunities.

- Integrating VR and AR into curriculum and instruction must align with established educational standards and learning objectives to ensure pedagogical effectiveness.

- Students may experience distractions from the educational content in VR and AR environments, requiring careful design and implementation strategies to maintain focus.

- Ensuring the accuracy and reliability of information presented in VR and AR experiences is crucial to maintaining the integrity of the learning process.

- Students may need to develop basic technical skills to navigate and interact effectively in VR and AR environments, requiring appropriate support and guidance.

- Ensuring equal opportunities for all students to participate and benefit from VR and AR learning experiences can be challenging, requiring strategies to address potential disparities.

- VR and AR applications often demand robust technical infrastructure, including high-performance computers, reliable networks, and adequate hardware, to ensure seamless operation.

- Fostering effective student interaction and collaboration in VR and AR environments can be challenging, requiring careful design and facilitation strategies.

- VR and AR experiences may hinder non-verbal communication cues, potentially affecting student engagement and understanding.

- Students may need to develop advanced technical skills to fully utilize the capabilities of VR and AR tools, requiring appropriate support and training.

- Assessing and evaluating students' analytical skills in VR and AR environments may pose challenges, requiring the development of appropriate assessment methods.

### ***Challenges of Using VR and AR in Education***

- VR and AR headsets and software are expensive, which may make them inaccessible to some schools and students.

- VR and AR technologies can be complex to set up and use. This may require additional training for teachers and staff.

- There are some safety concerns associated with VR and AR technologies, such as motion sickness and eye strain. These concerns need to be addressed before implementing these technologies in the classroom.

- VR and AR technologies collect data about users, which raises privacy concerns. Schools need to have policies in place to protect student privacy.

- There is currently a limited amount of high-quality educational content available for VR and AR technologies. This may limit the effectiveness of these technologies in the classroom.

VR and AR technologies have the potential to transform education, but some challenges need to be addressed. Schools and teachers need to carefully consider the pedagogical benefits and challenges of using these technologies before implementing them in the classroom. With careful planning and implementation, VR and AR can be used to create engaging and effective learning experiences for all students.

## **Recommendations**

### ***Enhancing Interaction and Engagement***

- Integrate VR and AR into educational activities: Incorporate VR and AR experiences into lectures, labs, and other learning activities to enhance engagement and provide immersive learning experiences.

- Develop interactive educational applications: Create interactive VR and AR applications that allow students to explore concepts, solve problems, and collaborate with peers in a virtual environment.

- Utilize VR and AR in research activities: Employ VR and AR technologies to facilitate research projects, enabling students to conduct experiments, analyze data, and visualize research findings in an immersive manner.

### ***Improving Skills***

- Provide safe virtual environments for problem-solving: Create virtual scenarios where students can safely experiment with different problem-solving approaches and develop critical thinking skills.

- Incorporate VR and AR in leadership scenarios: Utilize VR and AR simulations to provide students with hands-on experience in leadership roles, allowing them to practice decision-making and delegation skills.

- Equip students with tools for creative projects: Provide students with VR and AR tools to create interactive presentations, design virtual models, and develop innovative projects.

### ***Expanding Access to Education***

- Offer distance learning opportunities: Utilize VR and AR technologies to provide remote learning opportunities for students in remote areas or those unable to attend traditional classes.

- Make VR and AR accessible to individuals with disabilities: Adapt VR and AR experiences to accommodate diverse needs and ensure equitable access for students with disabilities.

### ***Reducing Education Costs***

- Leverage VR and AR to minimize classroom needs: Utilize VR and AR simulations to reduce the reliance on physical classrooms, potentially lowering infrastructure costs.

- Develop open-source educational applications: Encourage the development of open-source VR and AR educational applications to reduce licensing and software costs.

### ***Enhancing Teaching Methods***

- Provide teacher training on VR and AR integration: Offer comprehensive training programs to equip educators with the skills and knowledge to effectively integrate VR and AR into their teaching practices.

- Develop appropriate assessment tools for VR and AR: Design assessment methods tailored to VR and AR environments to accurately evaluate student learning outcomes.

### ***Overcoming Challenges***

- Establish robust technical infrastructure: Ensure adequate internet connectivity, reliable hardware, and technical support to facilitate the seamless operation of VR and AR technologies.

- Promote equal opportunity access: Implement strategies to address potential disparities in access to VR and AR technologies, ensuring equal opportunities for all students.

- Address privacy and security concerns: Implement robust data protection measures and privacy policies to safeguard student information and protect against potential security breaches.

### ***Proper Utilization of VR and AR Technologies***

- Integrate VR and AR with traditional teaching methods: Combine VR and AR with traditional teaching approaches to create a holistic and engaging learning experience.

- Utilize VR and AR as educational tools, not magic solutions: Recognize VR and AR as valuable tools to enhance learning, but not as replacements for effective teaching practices.

### **Conclusion**

The study highlights the immense potential of VR and AR technologies to revolutionize higher education in Algeria. By implementing the recommended strategies, Algerian

universities and educational institutions can harness the power of VR and AR to enhance student engagement, develop critical skills, expand access to education, reduce costs, improve teaching methods, and foster a more immersive and effective learning environment. However, careful consideration of the challenges and proper utilization of these technologies is crucial to ensure their successful integration and maximize their impact on education quality.

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#### **Declaration of AI Refined**

This research paper has undergone language correction using the AI-powered tool Grammarly to address grammatical, spelling, and stylistic errors. It is acknowledged that the use of such tools may introduce standardised patterns typical of AI-generated content. Consequently, a certain percentage of content may reflect AI-generated language structures. Yet, the intellectual content and the analysis remain entirely the work of the authors.

#### **Statement of Absence of Conflict of Interest**

The authors mentioned above hereby solemnly declare that they are not and shall not be in any situation that could give rise to a conflict of interest in what concerns the findings and recommendations contained in this academic article.

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